(घ) और (ङ) आठवीं योजना के प्रथम दो वर्षों के दौरान वास्तविक योजना व्यय 532.55 करोड़ रु० था। 1994-95 के लिए संशोधित योजना परिव्यय 772.82 करोड़ रु० है।

(च) सरकार स्थिति से अवगत है। अनेक प्रमुख विस्तार परियोजनाओं को स्वीकृति दी गयी है और वे कार्यान्वयन के विभिन्न स्तरों पर हैं। इसके अलावा, जिन देशों में सस्ते कच्चे माल के स्रोत प्रचुर मात्रा में हैं उनमें संयुक्त उद्यम उर्वरक परियोजनाएं स्थापित करने की सम्भावनाओं की भी जांच की जा रही है। ये परियोजनाएं आगामी 2-3 वर्षों में उर्वरकों के स्वदेशी उत्पादन/उपलब्धता में काफी वृद्धि करेंगे। उपरोक्त उपायों के कारण आठवीं योजना अवधि के दौरान व्यय के अनुमोदित परिव्यय से बढ़ जाने की सम्भावना है।

Joint Venture Project of NFL with Syria

4926. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether NFL (National Fertilizers Ltd.) propose to set up Joint Venture Project in Syria as reported in the Hindustan Times dated 11th April, 1995;

(b) if so, the details thereof indicating the total investment through internal resources and market borrowings if any; and

(c) the amount of NFL profit during 1994-95 indicating the present installed capacity and further raising of its urea capacity in the country with location as compared to 1993-94?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) and (b) National Fertilizers Ltd. (NFL) is exploring the possibilities of setting up a joint venture fertilizers project in Syria for the manufacture of ammonia/urea. The company has entrusted the job of preparing the techno-economic feasibility report for a *grassroots* 1350 TPD *ammonia* and 2200 TPD urea complex, to M/s. Projects & Development India Ltd. The details of total investments, financial borrowings etc. would be known only after the techno-economic feasibility report is available.

(c) The provisional profit of NFL during 1994-95 is 131.31 crores. The installed capacity of NFL during 1993-94 was 10.36 lakh tonnes. During 1994-95, there was no increase in the installed capacity of NFL.

Rural functional literacy project in Rajasthan

4927. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the revised Rural Functional Literacy Project sponsored and funded by the Central Government implemented in the Stat eof Rajasthan so far; and

(b) if not, by when it is likely to be implemented indicating full details with regard thereto as well as Central assistance being given to State Government?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE (KM. SELJA): (a) and (b) The State Governmet of Rajasthan has submitted a project proposal under the revised Rural Functional Literacy Project to be implemented in

districts consisting of 86 projects and to cover 10,27,000 illitrates in the age group 15—40 years as detailed below:

Name of the District	No. of Projects	Proposed coverage
Barmer	37	4,48,000
Jaisalmer	8	99,000
Jalore	30	3,55,000
Ganganagar	7	84,000
Bikaner	4	41,000
TOTAL :	86	10,27,000

Each project will be composed of 100 centres and proposed to be implemented in four cycles of six months each. It was tentatively proposed that the project would commence in October 1994 and would be completed in September 1996.

The above project proposal was approved for implementation and a grant of Rs. 150 lakhs was sanctioned in December 1994 out of the estimated cost of Rs. 280.79 lakhs for the first cycle of the project during 1994-95.

According to the information now received from the Government of Rajasthan, the execution of the Scheme is under reconsideration of the Government of Rajasthan in view of the decision to start Total Literacy Compaigns in all these districts and the fact that the Zilla Saksharata Samitis have been set up and environment building activities have been started.

Schemes for improving economic status of women and girl child

4928. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the main featues of the schemes under operation to protect poor girl child and to ameliorate the economic status of the women of the country;

(b) whether any assessment has been made on the impact of these schemes;

(c) if so, the details thereof;

(d) whether any break through has been achieved not in bias against the girlchild; and

(e) if so, to what extent?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT) (SHRIMATI BASAVARAJESWARI (a) The Government continuously strives to provide support to the efforts for the betterment and development of women, including girl child. These programmes include employment and income generating schemes, welfare and support services, gender sensitization and awareness generation programmes. The main features of these schemes are given the statement. (See below).